



Sleep Better by Breaking Bad Habits

Waiting until you feel sleepy while working at the computer late at night before going to bed is not a dreamy idea. Ditto, taking a laptop to bed and falling asleep. These behaviors (and others like them) ruin sleep quality. Repeated research has warned that lack of sleep increases your risk of health problems such as cancer, heart disease, type 2 diabetes, and even obesity. Recommendations from the National Sleep Foundation you may want to practice include: 1) participating in a ritual of preparing for sleep each night before climbing into bed, and 2) going to bed at the same time each night, even on weekends or days off. Also, have a routine in the morning when you wake up. Start tonight, and see if these suggestions don't improve your sleep quality. See an M.D. if sleep issues persist.

Help Prevent Diabetes in Two Minutes

Researchers at Abertay University (United Kingdom) say just two minutes of high-intensity exercise per week by middle-aged adults will lower blood glucose levels by 6% and increase skeletal muscle functioning after several weeks. Research showed that a series of ten six-second sprints with one minute of rest between each one, done twice per week, did the trick. A similar routine could help you ward off type 2 diabetes. Exercise only after getting a doctor's approval. Exercise also helps older people remain independent and mobile. Now, that's motivation! Source: www.abertay.ac.uk [Search bar: "Diabetes Prevented"]

Parents' Power to Prevent Drug Abuse

Parents who disapprove of drug abuse and put their foot down are more likely to have teens who don't abuse drugs. Suffolk University (Boston, MA) researchers examined a national survey of more than 18,000 adolescents, and found that teens whose parents expressed strong disapproval of all types of substances (prescription drugs, alcohol, tobacco, and marijuana) were least likely to misuse prescription medicine—a growing teen problem. Combine disapproval with steering your teenager toward healthy behavioral choices. Talk about resisting peer pressure and discuss consequences. Encourage questions and dialogue. Research argues this approach will work better than "hoping for the best" or thinking you have no influence. Source: <http://www.wolterskluwerhealth.com> [Search bar: "Parental Disapproval"]

Protecting the Elderly from Abuse

The National Center on Elder Abuse reports that 14% of elderly Americans face some form of elder mistreatment, neglect, or financial abuse. Elder abuse cuts across socioeconomic lines, and it isn't all planned and purposeful. Adult children caregivers who have other life pressures, responsibilities, personal problems, financial stress, and job issues can be unwittingly at risk of committing elder abuse. This might take the form of ignored phone calls, mismanaged medications, lost tempers, and/or undermining an elderly person's financial decisions. It might even manifest itself in a delay in providing for the elderly person's critical personal care needs. If you are an adult caregiver, do not let guilt or feeling that "this is all my responsibility now" prevent you from getting relief and experiencing the renewal you need in order to cope with your situation. Check out www.eldercare.gov where you will find support, resources, and a ton of ideas to maintain your life balance and have a healthier relationship with an elderly loved one.

Success Breeds Success

You've heard the phrase "success breeds success." Is it true? Yes, say academic researchers who showed that a small positive reward or support for those starting businesses measurably reinforced their success—by 30%—over those who got no reward. Small and quick rewards made the difference, not the size. The dynamic may carry over to any goal-oriented endeavor. Make small and quick rewards a part of any achievement strategy like learning new tasks, skills, habits, or instruments, and you'll maximize the power of this phenomenon.

Stay in Emotional Control at Work

Control your emotions—don't let them control you. It sounds simple, but it's not. Still, it is one of the most important skills you can learn for managing workplace stress. Three feeling states dominate negativity at work: anger, disappointment, and frustration. When you experience any of these, be capable of practicing the art of detachment. Don't lose patience, mope at your desk, give people the silent treatment, or withhold information—these are unhealthy coping tactics. Detachment may include taking a short hallway walk; counting to ten; changing your body posture to one that is erect and sure, with your chin up; doing slow, deep-breathing exercises; or taking a quick jog, if your work situation permits. Reinforce this overall new coping strategy by checking your progress after 30 days. Ask a friend if they've noticed your improved mood.

Go Ahead, Admit You're Wrong

If you have a reputation for reluctance to admit you are wrong, a few insights can motivate you to improve your ability to practice this acquired skill. You'll also enhance your workplace relationships. The key for what some feel is a seemingly impossible task is recognizing the benefits you derive from it. Admitting you're wrong when necessary demonstrates guts and willingness to be vulnerable. Practicing the skill also demonstrates high self-esteem and lack of a need to cling to something to protect you from an imaginary fear. Those in supervisory or management roles instantly recognize your capacity for being a team player. No one likes to admit they are wrong, but those who can do so with class are recognized as valuable workers and desirable work partners. They also can be counted on to be better communicators.

Admitting you are wrong facilitates the willingness of others with whom you associate to also be more open and forgiving, all of which contributes to the creation of better problem-solving scenarios and the accomplishment of the mission in your workplace.

Remember: Employees and eligible dependents can request CONCERN counseling and work/life services by phoning our 800 number, answered live 24/7. You can request CONCERN: EAP work/life services on-line at: [Employee Request for Services](#)

Here are some recent quotes from employees who used CONCERN: EAP explaining what they liked best about the services:

"I was given great advice that I found very helpful. I really enjoy working with the counselor. Thank you for your support."

"I was glad Concern: EAP was there for me. Thank you."

"I appreciated the availability of services when most insurance plans don't cover mental health."

**CONCERN: EAP
800-344-4222**

www.concern-eap.com